



**INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR**  
**DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SCIENCE**  
**Pre-Mid Term Examination 2025-26**

**SET-2**

**CLASS: VII**

**Max: Marks: 30**

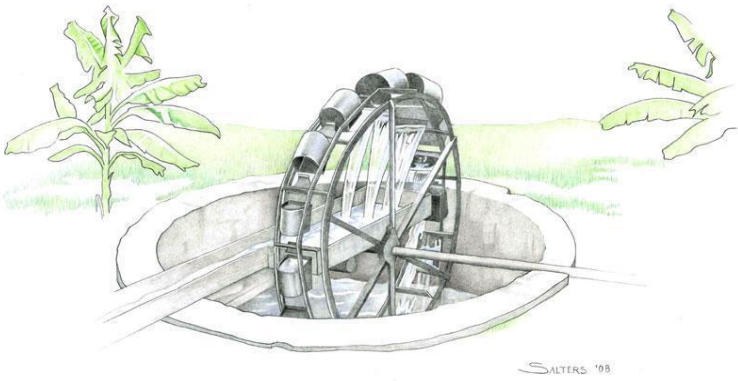
**Date: 20/05/2025**

**Time: 1 Hour.**

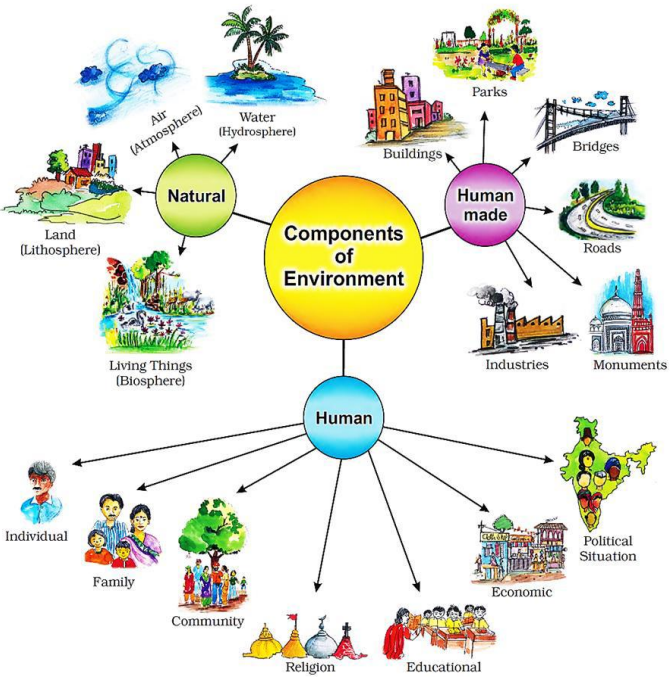
**General Instruction**

1. Ensure that you have written your name and roll number correctly.
2. This Question paper has two parts, **Section A (History) & B (Geography)**.
3. All questions are compulsory.
4. All the answers must be correctly numbered as in the question paper in the Answer sheet provided.

	<b>SECTION – A (History) 15 Marks</b>				
<b>I</b>	<b>Choose the correct option and write on your answer paper: -</b>				<b>3 Marks</b>
1	In which century did Babur use Hindustan to describe the geography of the subcontinent?				1 Mark
	(a) 17th century	(b) 18th century	(c) <b>16th century</b>	(d) 14th century	
2	_____, a chronicler used the term 'Hindustan' for the first time in the thirteenth century.				1 Mark
	(a) Ziauddin Barani	(b) Balban	(c) Babur	(d) <b>Minhaj-i-Siraj</b>	
3	The 'Great Bath' was found in the city of _____.				1 Mark
	(a) <b>Mohenjo- daro</b>	(b) Lothal	(c) Kalibangan	(d) Lahore	
<b>II</b>	<b>Fill in the blanks: -</b>				<b>3 Marks</b>
4	Archives are places where <u>manuscripts</u> are kept.				1 Mark
5	The learned theologians and jurists in Islam are known as <u>Ulama</u> .				1 Mark
6	A person who studies and writes about the past is known as <u>Historians</u> .				1 Mark
<b>III</b>	<b>Match the following: -</b>				<b>2 Marks</b>
7	Rajaputra	(a) Ajnabi			1 Mark
8	Persian word	(b) The son of a ruler			1 Mark
		(c) Pardesi			

	<b>Ans: 7-b, 8-a</b>	
<b>IV</b>	<b>Answer in one or two sentences: -</b>	<b>2 Marks</b>
9	<b>Who was called the patron?</b> A patron is an influential, wealthy individual who supports another person - an artiste, a craftsperson, a learned man, or a noble.	1 Mark
10	<b>What are the different names used by the archaeologists to refer Indus Valley Civilization?</b> Indus, Harappan, Indus-Sarasvatī or Sindhu-Sarasvatī civilization.	1 Mark
<b>V</b>	<b>Observe the picture given below and answer the following questions: -</b>	<b>2 Marks</b>
11	 <p>a. <b>Identify the above picture.</b> The Persian wheel.</p> <p>b. <b>What is the use of it?</b> It is used for irrigation.</p>	2 Marks
<b>VI</b>	<b>Answer the following questions: -</b>	<b>3 Marks</b>
12	<b>What were some of the major religious developments during medieval period? (any 3)</b> Answer: Some of the major significant religious developments occurred in Hinduism. The worship of new deities, the construction of temples by royalty and growing importance of Brahmanas, the priests, as dominant groups in society were the new changes. Brahmanas' importance grew due to their knowledge of Sanskrit language. They were patronized by the emperors. The idea of bhakti emerged among people.	3 Marks

	The merchants and migrants brought with them the teachings of Quran, the holy book of Muslims.				
	SECTION – B (Geography) 15 Marks				
VII	Choose the correct option and write on your answer paper: -				3 Marks
13	The domain of water is referred to				1 Mark
	(a) <b>Hydrosphere</b>	(b) Stratosphere	(c) Atmosphere	(d) Biosphere	
14	Which is not a component of human environment?				1 Mark
	(a) <b>Land</b>	(b) Religion	(c) Community	(d) Family	
15	The Andes Mountains are located in the continent of_____				1 Mark
	(a) <b>South America</b>	(b) North America	(c) Africa	(d) Asia	
VIII	Fill in the blanks: -				3 Marks
16	<u><b>Lithosphere</b></u> is the solid crust or the hard-top layer of the earth.				1 Mark
17	<u><b>Gravitational force</b></u> of the earth holds the atmosphere around it.				1 Mark
18	<u><b>Pluto</b></u> was a planet till 2006 but is now a “Dwarf Planet”.				1 Mark
IX	Match the following: -				2 Marks
19	Environment	a) Domain of water			1 Mark
20	Biosphere	b) Our surroundings			1 Mark
	c) Narrow zone where land, water and air interact				
	<b>19- b, 20-c</b>				
X	Answer in one or two sentences: -				2 Marks
21	<b>What is a ‘Meteoroid’?</b> Small pieces of rocks which move around the sun are called meteoroids.				1 Mark
22	<b>Give four examples of human-made environment.</b> Four examples of human-made environment—buildings, parks, bridges and roads.				1 Mark

XI	Answer the following question: -	2 Marks
23	<p>Draw and label the diagram of components of environment.</p>  <p>The diagram illustrates the components of the environment. At the center is a yellow circle labeled 'Components of Environment'. It branches into two main categories: 'Natural' (green circle) and 'Human made' (purple circle). The 'Natural' category includes 'Air (Atmosphere)', 'Water (Hydrosphere)', 'Land (Lithosphere)', and 'Living Things (Biosphere)'. The 'Human made' category includes 'Buildings', 'Parks', 'Bridges', 'Roads', 'Industries', and 'Monuments'. Below these, a blue circle labeled 'Human' is connected to various aspects of society: 'Individual', 'Family', 'Community', 'Religion', 'Educational', 'Economic', and 'Political Situation'.</p>	2 Marks
XII	Answer the following questions briefly: -	3 Marks
24	<p><b>Why do the animals and vegetation vary from place to place?</b></p> <p>Animals and vegetation vary from place to place because: -</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• They are dependent on their immediate surroundings.</li> <li>• They depend on the environmental conditions like climate, soil, water etc.</li> <li>• All of them are inter-dependent on each other.</li> </ul>	3 Marks